

# Phocos Any-Crid™ series

Pure Sine Wave Battery Inverter Charger with MPPT Solar Charge Controller

PSW-B-3KW-230/24V

User and Installation Manual



#### English

For further languages see Für weitere Sprachen siehe Pour autres langues voir Para otros idiomas ver 对于其他语言请参阅

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## Contents

1.0	Introduction	2
2.0	Important Safety Information	2
3.0	Regulatory Information	3
4.0	Overview	4
4.1	Functional Overview	4
4.2	Product Overview	5
5.0	Installation	6
5.1	Package Contents	6
5.2	Mounting the Unit	6
5.3	Battery Connection	7
5.4	AC Input and AC Output Connection	
5.5	PV Connection	9
5.6	Final Assembly	
6.0	Operation	11
6.1	Inverter Power ON/OFF	11
6.2	Display and Control Module	12
6.3	Display Symbols	13
6.4	Device Operation Settings	14
6.5	Screen Views of Current Values	20
6.6	Operating Mode Description	23
7.0	Cleaning and Maintenance	25
7.1	Every Month	25
7.2	Every 6 Months	
8.0	Fault Reference Codes	27
9.0	Warning Codes	28
10.0	Troubleshooting	29
11.0	Specifications	
11.1	Grid Mode	
11.2	Off-Grid Mode	
11.3	Battery Charging	
11.4	General	
12.0	Warranty	34
12.1	Conditions	
12.2	Liability Exclusion	

## 1.0 Introduction

Dear customer, thank you for choosing this quality Phocos product. The Any-Grid<sup>™</sup> PSW-B pure sine wave battery inverter / charger series has numerous outstanding features and use-cases such as:

- Function as purely Off-Grid inverter for applications with no AC power source
- Function as solar enabled (optional) uninterruptible power supply (UPS) functionality for intermittent or unstable AC sources
- Function as grid-connected or AC-generator-connected inverter to reduce energy demand from the AC source by prioritizing solar and / or battery power, thus saving energy costs
- Integrated MPPT solar charge controller means no external charge controller is required
- Battery charging from an AC source such as the public power grid or a genset
- Compatibility with multiple battery types including lead-acid (gel, AGM and liquid electrolyte) and lithiumbased batteries such as LiFePO4 (as no battery management system communication is possible, ensure the battery can function without external communication before use)
- Both neutral (N) and live (L) wires of the AC input are automatically disconnected (break-before-make relays) from the AC output when the Any-Grid PSW-B operates in Off-Grid mode
- Grid feed-in is technically not possible as this device is not grid-interactive. It never operates in parallel to the AC source. It either uses the AC source to power loads directly from it (the inverter is not running at this time, the unit is acting purely as a load) in Grid mode. Or, in Off-Grid mode, the integrated inverter module is running, but isolated from the AC source on both neutral (N) and live (L) wires through air gaps.
- All-in-one unit allows simple and fast installation, and easy configuration
- Optional accessory: Phocos Any-Bridge<sup>™</sup> IoT Gateway (sold separately) to connect to the PhocosLink Cloud from anywhere with any internet-capable device via its web browser

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation, maintenance and troubleshooting of this unit.

### 2.0 Important Safety Information

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS: This manual contains important instructions for model PSW-B-3KW-230/24V that shall be followed during installation and maintenance of the unit. Read and save this manual for future reference.

WARNING: The installation of this unit may only be undertaken by qualified personnel with appropriate training. High voltages in and around the unit can cause serious injury or death. This unit must be installed in accordance with rules and regulations at the site of installation.

CAUTION: A battery can present a risk of electrical shock, burning from high short-circuit current, fire or explosion from vented gasses. Observe proper precautions.

WARNING: This unit must be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulations when installing this unit.

**BATTERY TYPE:** Suitable for use with lead-acid (gel, AGM and liquid electrolyte) and lithium-based batteries such as LiFePO4.

**OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR BATTERY:** Install an overcurrent protection device with a minimum of 1000A interrupt rating as close as possible to the battery terminal. Select a device rated for 1.25 times the nominal current rating of the inverter / charger. An overcurrent protection device must be purchased separately.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on this unit, the batteries, the solar modules, any connected loads.
- 2. Please do not disassemble or attempt to repair Phocos products. This unit does not contain user serviceable parts. Damage to the warranty seal will lead to a loss of warranty of the product and can lead to injury.
- 3. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Switching off the unit is not sufficient, turn off and / or disconnect all connections to the unit.
- 4. For safe operation of this unit, please adhere to appropriate cable size requirements in this manual.

- 5. Usage of insulated tools around the unit is strongly recommended. Be very cautious when working with uninsulated metal tools on or around batteries. They can short-circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion and / or injury.
- 6. Strictly follow the installation procedure when connecting or disconnecting AC or DC terminals. Please refer to the "**Installation**" section of this manual for details.
- 7. Appropriate fuses or breakers are required near the battery supply and AC input and AC output of this unit.
- 8. WARNING: It is highly recommended and legally required in many countries to install a Type B residual current device (RCD) between the AC output of the unit(s) and the AC loads to protect humans from hazardous electric shock due to faulty AC wiring, faulty loads or a potential inverter fault. Only in Off-Grid mode, the neutral (N) and ground (PE) of the AC output are automatically bridged inside the Any-Grid to ensure the RCD's functioning if the AC installation is wired correctly as a TN-S or TN-C-S earthing system. In a TN-C-S installation the bridge between neutral (N) and ground (PE) must be between the public grid and AC input of the Any-Grid to ensure that there is never more than one bridge between N and PE. This unit is not designed to be operated in environments where an RCD is present between this unit and the AC source.
- 9. Never allow any AC or DC connections to be short-circuited. Do not connect to the mains when the battery input is short-circuited.
- 10. Only qualified service persons may service this device. If errors persist after following the "**Troubleshooting**" section in this manual, please send this unit back to a local Phocos dealer or service center for maintenance.
- 11. **WARNING:** Only solar panels are acceptable for use which do not require positive grounding as only grounding of the negative PV cables is allowed, if necessary. Grounding of the PV module frame is permitted and frequently required by local law. The MPPT solar charge controller is not galvanically isolated from the battery, but is isolated from the inverter.

The battery is galvanically isolated from the inverter, therefore the battery positive or negative terminal may be grounded if required.

- 12. **CAUTION:** It is highly recommended to use a surge arrester, also named surge protective device (SPD) near the PV input terminals of this unit. This is to prevent damage to the unit from lightning, thunderstorms or other voltage surges on the PV cables. The max. DC operating voltage of the SPD must be between 145 and 160 Vdc. For example the *Citel DS240-110DC* is suitable.
- 13. **CAUTION:** It is highly recommended to use a surge arrester, also named surge protective device (SPD) near the AC input terminals of this unit, if the AC input is used. This is to prevent damage to the unit from lightning, thunderstorms or other voltage surges on the AC input conductors (for example coming from the public grid). The max. AC operating voltage of the SPD must be between 275 and 300 Vac for 230 Vac models. For example, the *Citel DS415-230* (for most public grids or generators, higher protection) or *Citel DS415-320* (for public grids with large voltage swings, lower protection) are suitable.

When using with a 110 ~ 127 Vac AC source the SPD must have a max. AC operating voltage between 140 and 150 Vac. For example, the *Citel DS41S-120* is suitable.

#### 3.0 Regulatory Information

This product is CE and RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) compliant. Please find the CE declaration at <u>www.phocos.com</u>.



This product is manufactured in an ISO 9001 (quality management) and ISO 14001 (environmental management) certified facility.

This equipment is suitable for use in non-hazardous locations only.

This is a class A device: in a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

## 4.0 Overview

#### 4.1 Functional Overview

This pure sine wave battery inverter charger with solar charge controller (MPPT) can provide power to connected loads by utilizing PV power, AC power and battery power. Most connections are optional, but there must be at least one power source (AC or PV) and battery connected:



#### Fig. 1: System Overview

This unit has one each of the following power connections: battery, PV, AC input, AC output. The unit is designed to provide continuous power from PV / battery or an AC source, depending on the set priority. Independently, the priority for charging the battery can be set (the battery can only be charged from AC when the unit is not working in Off-Grid mode). The switching time between Grid (also valid when an AC generator is used) and Off-Grid modes is only 10 milliseconds (typical).

In Grid mode the unit can pass AC power from the AC source to AC loads. PV power is only charged into the battery in this mode. In Off-Grid mode the AC loads are supplied by PV power and if not sufficient, also by the battery via the inverter. It is not possible to power AC loads with PV power and power for the AC source at the same time, only to switch back and forth between these sources.

The pure sine wave AC output and the surge power capability (twice the continuous power rating) assure all types of AC loads can be powered. Ensure that the peak power requirement of the loads is below the surge power capability of this inverter.



Fig. 2: Product Overview

1

- 1. LCD screen
- 2. Inverter status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. AC output on/off switch (solar charging still functions when the AC output is powered off)
- 7. AC input terminals (public grid or AC generator connection)
- 8. AC output terminals (load connection)
- 9. PV terminals
- 10. Battery terminals
- 11. Resettable circuit breaker
- 12. USB communication port
- 13. RS-232 communication port

CAUTION: Using any other cable or interface than the one provided for RS-232 on RS-232 communication port 13 (such as an Ethernet device), or a device explicitly compatible with the PSW-B, is likely to damage the Any-Grid PSW-B and / or the connected device. Such damage is not covered under warranty.

## 5.0 Installation

#### 5.1 Package Contents

Before installation, please inspect the unit to ensure nothing inside the package is damaged. Package contents:

- Any-Grid PSW-B unit
- This manual
- RS-232 cable (SUB-D to RJ-45)
- Strain relief for battery cables with two screws
- Strain relief for solar / PV cables with two screws
- Two cable ties for use with strain reliefs

#### 5.2 Mounting the Unit

Before connecting all wirings, please take off the bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below and carefully sliding the cover down. (**Fig. 3**).



Fig. 3: Removal of bottom cover

Fig. 4: Minimum distance to other objects

## WARNING: Only mount this unit on concrete or another solid non-combustible surface capable of securely holding the weight of the unit.

- Install this inverter at eye level to ensure legibility of the display
- Ensure the ambient temperature is between -10 ~ 50 °C, 14 ~ 122 °F at all times
- Avoid excessively dusty environments
- The unit is designed for vertical installation on a solid wall
- Ensure a minimum distance to other objects and surfaces as shown in **Fig. 4** to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.
- Install in a room where noise is not an issue as the unit has fans for cooling

Install the unit by using two M4 or M5 screws (**Fig. 5**) appropriate for the weight of the unit and wall material, use wall plugs. This bottom cover must remain removed for the rest of this "**Installation**" chapter until instructed otherwise.



Fig. 5: Mounting holes

### 5.3 Battery Connection

WARNING: The installation of this unit may only be undertaken by qualified personnel with appropriate training. High voltages in and around the battery and unit can cause serious injury or death. This unit must be installed in accordance with rules and regulations at the site of installation.

WARNING: Choose a suitable battery fuse as outlined in the chapter "Important Safety Information", section "OVERCURRENT PROTECTION FOR BATTERY".

## WARNING: Ensure the battery cables are sized according to the table below. Inadequate battery cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

Recommended battery cable cross-section, battery size and fuse / DC circuit breaker rating:

Battery cable cross-section	35 mm², AWG 2	
Min. battery capacity (lead-based)	200 Ah	
Battery discharge current capability	167 Adc cont., 334 Adc surge (5s)	
Fuse / breaker rating	210 Adc, min. 33 Vdc	

Steps to connect the battery:

- WARNING: Ensure the battery cables are not yet connected to the battery and that the battery fuse is removed or battery circuit breaker is open.
   CAUTION: Ensure none of the cable insulation is jammed into the terminal.
   Remove 18 mm / 0.7 in of insulation from the ends of the battery conductors to be installed on the inverter unit.
- 2. It is recommended to securely crimp ferrules onto these exposed cable ends if using stranded wires.
- 3. Fasten the strain relief plate under the battery terminals marked "+ BATTERY -" with the two included screws:



Fig. 6: Battery cable strain relief installation

4. Connect the other end of the battery conductors to the battery. Ensure the polarity of the battery terminals on the Any-Grid match the battery polarity.

5. Now insert the inverter-side wires of the battery into the inverter battery terminals, ensuring correct polarity. Tighten the inverter battery terminals with a torque of 2 Nm (1.5 lbf·ft). CAUTION: Reverse polarity connection to the battery may damage the unit. CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal nuts can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque.



Fig. 7: Battery connection

6. Fix the conductors to the strain relief with an included cable tie:



Fig. 8: Battery cable strain relief

#### 5.4 AC Input and AC Output Connection

WARNING: Before connecting an AC source to the AC input of the Any-Grid, install an AC circuit breaker between the Any-Grid and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. Make sure the breaker is open / off for the rest of the installation procedure until instructed otherwise.

WARNING: Ensure that the installation has adequate grounding and connect the protective earth (PE) terminals to this ground as instructed below. Failure to do so can cause serious injury or death once the unit is powered up or the AC source is activated via its breaker.

WARNING: Ensure the AC cables are sized according to the table below. Inadequate AC cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

CAUTION: Do not connect an AC source to the "AC OUT" labelled terminal of the unit as this will destroy the unit. Only connect it to the "AC IN" labeled terminal.

CAUTION: Only AC sources with a neutral may be used connected. Using AC sources with two phases on an Any-Grid PSW-B instead, will cause damage.

Recommended AC cable cross-section and AC circuit breaker rating:

AC input and output cable cross-section	4 ~ 10 mm², AWG 7 ~ AWG 11
Circuit breaker rating	30 Aac, ≥ 280 Vac if operated with 220 ~ 240 Vac source or ≥ 140 Vac if operated with 110 ~ 127 Vac source

Steps to connect the AC source and AC loads:

- 1. WARNING: Ensure the battery cable fuse is removed or breaker is secured in the open position. WARNING: Ensure the AC source breaker is secured in the open position and there is no voltage on the conductors before continuing.
- 2. Remove 10 mm / 0.4 in of insulation for the six AC conductors (neutral "N", live "L" and protective earth "PE" for the AC source and loads).
- 3. It is recommended to securely crimp ferrules onto these exposed cable ends if using stranded wires.
- Insert the "PE" protective conductor insert the "PE" protective conductor insert the AC source first into the corresponding AC input terminal and tighten with a torque of 1.2 Nm (0.9 lbf·ft). Repeat for the neutral "N" and live "L" conductors of the AC source.



Fig. 9: AC Input connection

5. Attach the "PE" protective conductor  $\bigoplus$  of the AC output wiring to the grounding screw with an appropriate ring terminal as shown below. Insert the neutral "N" and live "L" conductors of the AC loads into the corresponding two terminals marked "AC OUT" and tighten with a torque of 1.2 Nm (0.9 lbf·ft).



Fig. 10: AC Output connection

6. Make sure the six wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal screws can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque where defined. Ensure none of the conductor insulation is jammed between the terminal contacts.

CAUTION: Ensure the polarity is correct on all wires. Failure to do so may cause damage.

#### 5.5 PV Connection

WARNING: Before connecting the PV module array to the PV input of the Any-Grid, install a DC circuit breaker between each Any-Grid PV terminal pair and the PV modules. This ensures the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and is protected from over-current of the PV modules. PV modules produce a dangerous voltage even at low light. Make sure the breaker is open / off for the rest of the installation procedure until instructed otherwise.

WARNING: Ensure the PV cables are sized according to the table below. Inadequate PV cables can cause excessive heat or fire during operation.

Recommended PV cable cross-section and DC circuit breaker rating:

PV cable cross-section	6 ~ 16 mm², AWG 5 ~ AWG 10
Circuit breaker rating	60 Adc, min. 150 Vdc

For selecting the correct PV module configuration, please consider the following points:

- The total open circuit voltage (Uoc / Voc) of the PV module array may never exceed the values in the table below. Consider the coldest possible temperatures at the installation location together with the temperature coefficient of the PV modules used.
- The total maximum power point voltage (Umpp / Vmpp) of the PV module array must be above the minimum values in the table below. Consider the hottest PV module temperatures at installation location.
- The total maximum power point current (Impp / Ampp) of the PV array may not exceed the values below.
- The total PV array power may not exceed the corresponding value in the table below.

Max. PV voltage (Uoc)	145 Vdc
Min. PV mpp voltage (Umpp)	30 Vdc
Max. mpp current (Impp)	60 Adc
Max. PV array power	2250 Wp

Steps to connect the PV module array:

- 1. Remove 10 mm / 0.4 in of insulation from the positive and negative PV cables.
- 2. It is recommended to securely crimp ferrules onto these exposed cable ends if using stranded wires.
- 3. Fasten the strain relief plate under the PV terminals marked "+ PV IN -" with the two included screws:



Fig. 11: PV cable strain relief installation

 Insert the positive PV cable into the PV input "+" terminal and the negative PV cable into the PV input "-" terminal.

**CAUTION: Ensure correct polarity.** 



Fig. 12: PV connection

5. Tighten both terminal screws with a torque of 1.6 Nm (1.2 lbf·ft) and make sure the two wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Over-tightening the terminal screws can cause damage to the terminal, under-tightening can cause a loose connection and excessive heat during operation, make sure to use the prescribed torque. Ensure none of the cable insulation is jammed between the terminal contacts.

6. Fix the conductors to the strain relief with an included cable tie:



Fig. 13: PV cable strain relief

#### 5.6 Final Assembly

After Battery, PV and AC wiring is completed, please slide the bottom cover back up on the unit and secure it by fastening the two screws as shown below.



Fig. 14: Re-applying bottom cover

## 6.0 Operation

#### 6.1 Inverter Power ON/OFF





Ensure the "ON/OFF" switch located on the right side of the unit (**Fig. 15**) is in the "OFF" position after the initial installation.

Now activate the circuit breakers or insert the fuses to energize the various inputs and outputs in the following order (skip any that are not connected):

- 1. Battery
- 2. AC input
- 3. PV input
- 4. AC output

Next, switch the "ON/OFF" (**Fig. 15**) button to the "ON" position to turn on the AC output and thus connected AC loads and the entire unit.

If the "ON/OFF" switch is in the "OFF" position, then the unit will be completely off when there is insufficient sunlight.

If PV modules are connected and there is sufficient PV voltage, the unit and display will wake up automatically to charge the batteries during the day. Once the PV voltage drops below the min. PV voltage threshold, the unit will again turn completely off to save energy during the night. <u>The AC output and thus the AC loads will remain off as long as the "ON/OFF" switch is in the "OFF" position</u>.

### 6.2 Display and Control Module

The display and control module, shown in **Fig. 16**, includes three LED indicators, four function buttons, and a LCD-screen, indicating the operating status and allowing the programming of settings parameters.



Fig. 16: Display module buttons and indicators

#### **Indicator Description**

Indicator	Colour	Solid On / Flashing	Description		
	Green	Solid On	AC output powered by AC input (Grid mode)		
AC INV	Green	Flashing	AC output powered by integrated inverter (Off-Grid mode)		
	Green	Solid On	Battery is fully charged		
		Flashing	Battery is charging		
٨	Red	Solid On	Fault mode		
	neu	Flashing	Warning mode		

#### **Function Buttons**

Function Button		Description
$\bigotimes$	Escape / close	Exit settings without confirming
1	Up	To last selection
$(\bullet)$	Down	To next selection
$\bigcirc$	Enter	To confirm/enter the selection in setting mode



#### Fig. 17: LCD-Screen symbols

Symbol		Description	'n		
Input Information					
Indic		Indicates AC i	nput		
MPPT		Indicates PV i	nput		
			ut voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, PV current, PV ng current, charging power, battery voltage.		
Settings menu and	Fault Information				
8	38				
		Indicates the	setting menus		
\$					
		Indicates war	ning and fault codes.		
	88		88		
	00				
		Warning: Marking flashing with warning code and flashing red 🔬 LED.			
		Fault: $egin{array}{c} eta$ shown with fault code and solid red $ {iga A} $ LED.			
Output Informatio	n				
8.8.8		Indicates output voltage, output frequency, load in % of nominal power, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.			
Battery Informatio	n	L			
		Indicates battery level in 0 ~ 24%, 25 ~ 49%, 50 ~ 74% and 75 ~ 100% (left to right) increments in Off-Grid mode and charging status in Grid mode.			
In Grid mode, the battery indicator shows the following:					
Status Battery Voltage			LCD Display		
	< 24 V		4 bars flash in turns		
All battery charging	24 ~ 25 V		Bottom bar constantly on and other three bars flash in turns		
modes except Floating phase	25 ~ 26 V		Bottom two bars constantly on and other two bars flash in turns		
	> 26 V		Bottom three bars constantly on and top bar flashes		

Floating phase. Batteries a			tantly on
n Off-grid mode, the batter			
Load Percentage		y Voltage	LC-Display
	< 22.2		0~24%
Load > 50%	22.2 ~ 2		25 ~ 49%
	23.2 ~ 2	24.2 V	50 ~ 74%
	> 24.2	V	75 ~ 100%
	22.7 V		0~24%
	22.7 ~ 2	23.7 V	25 ~ 49%
Load < 50%	23.7 ~ 2	24.7 V	50 ~ 74%
	> 24.7	V	75 ~ 100%
Load Information			
OVERLOAD	Ir	Indicates overload	
Ŭ, Ŝ, Ŝ, Ŝ, Ŝ,		Indicates load level by 0 ~ 24%, 25 ~ 49%, 50 ~ 74% and 75 ~ 100% (left to right) increments.	
Mode Operation Informatio	n		
		Constantly on: AC source valid Blinking: AC source present but rejected	
С <sup>-</sup> ́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́́		PV input valid	
		Load supplied by AC input	
		AC source charger circuit is active	
		DC to AC inverter circuit is active	
বাখ		Alarm disabled	

## 6.4 Device Operation Settings

## **General Settings**

Press  $\bigcirc$  for 3 seconds to enter settings mode. Press  $\textcircled{\bullet}$  or  $\textcircled{\bullet}$  to select between settings menus. Once selected, press  $\bigcirc$  to confirm the selection or  $\bigotimes$  to exit without confirmation.

#### Settings menus

Menu no.	Description	Selectable Option and Notes	
		Escape	
00	Exit setting mode	00	
		esc	
		Solar first	Solar provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar power is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery power will supply the loads simultaneously (Off-Grid mode).
			If no solar power is available (ex. at night), or the battery voltage reaches the setting point in settings menu 12, AC input / utility power is used exclusively. During this time any PV power available is used to charge the battery. With unavailable solar power the battery is only discharged (apart from unit self-consumption) when the AC input / utility power is unavailable (Off-Grid mode).
01	AC output source priority: Configure the priority of	Utility / AC input first (Default)	AC input / utility will provide power to the loads as first priority (Grid mode).
	which power sources supply the AC output load	© UEI	Solar and battery will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available (Off- Grid mode).
		SBU priority "SBU" for: Solar → Battery → Utility □   □ SBU	Solar powers the loads as first priority. If solar power is not sufficient to power all connected loads, the battery will supply power to the loads simultaneously. The Any-Grid is disconnected from the grid at this time (Off-Grid mode). AC input / utility provides power to the loads (Grid mode) only when the battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in settings menu 12. In this case the loads are powered only from the AC source. Any PV power is used to charge the battery

	Maximum total battery	10A	60A (Default)
	charging current of AC and solar charging combined:	50	50
02	Max. total charging current = AC input charging current + solar charging current	Can be set from 10 ~ 120 Adc in 1	• 60. • 0 Adc increments. This is the battery-
	This setting is important to limit charging current for some battery types.	side DC charging current.	,
	AC input voltage range	Appliances	Accepted AC input voltage range from 90 ~ 280 Vac if settings menu 10 is set from 220 ~ 240 Vac. 80 ~ 140 Vac if settings menu 10 is set
03	In addition to wider voltage tolerance, "Appliances" setting	e 891	from 110 ~ 127 Vac
03	also allows more deformed sine-waves to be accepted at the AC input compared to "UPS" mode.	UPS (Default)	Accepted AC input voltage range from 170 ~ 280 Vac if settings menu 10 is set from 220 ~ 240 Vac. 90 ~ 140 Vac if settings menu 10 is
		e UPS	set from 110 ~ 127 Vac
		AGM (Default)	Flooded
		05	05
05	Battery type	ø 86n	e Fld
05	Settings menus 26, 27 and 29 can only be modified if "User- defined" is selected here	User-defined	Battery charging voltages and low voltage disconnect (LVD) can be manually defined in settings menu 26, 27 and 29.
		o USE	
		Restart disabled (Default)	Restart enabled
06	Automatic restart if an AC output overload occurs	06	06
		ø L⊦d	
		Restart disabled (Default)	Restart enabled
07	Automatic restart when over- temperature occurs	07	01
		ø Ł⊦d	<b>∞</b>
00	AC output frequency	50 Hz (Default)	60 Hz
09	Only relevant for Off-Grid mode	<b>e</b> 50 <u>.</u>	<b>o</b> 60.

	AC output voltage	230 Vac (Default)	Available values: 110, 120, 127, 220,
		18	230 and 240 Vac.
	Defines AC output voltage in Off-Grid mode and AC input	_	
10	voltage limits (see settings	lo 230,	
10	menu 03). Any modification		
	between 110/120/127 Vac and 220/230/240 Vac will be		
	effective only after the		
	inverter is restarted. Maximum AC source charging	30 Adc (Default)	Available values: 2 Adc and 10 ~ 60
	current (battery side)		Add in 10 Add increments.
11		UET	
11	If settings menu 02 is smaller than this value, charging will	70	
	be limited by the value in		
	settings menu 02.	24)/de (Defeuilt)	Available values: 22.0 ~ 28.5 Vdc in
	Voltage set-point to switch from Off-Grid mode to Grid	24 Vdc (Default)	0.5 Vdc increments.
12	mode when "SBU priority" or	15	
	"Solar first" is selected in	a 240.	
	settings menu 01.	Battery fully charged	27 Vdc (Default)
		I3	13
	Voltage set-point to switch	L.	
13	from Grid mode to Off-Grid	FUL	ຍ 2ຕົ້ງ
15	mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in	Available values: "FULL" and 24.0 ~	_
	settings menu 01.		
		is reached.	arged when the float charging phase
	Battery charger source priority	Solar first	Solar power will charge battery as first priority.
		16	
	Configure the priority of which power sources are used		Utility / AC source will charge battery only when solar energy is
	to charge the battery. The AC	o 250	not available and the unit is in Grid
	source can only charge the battery if in Grid, Stand-By or		mode.
	Fault modes. In Off-Grid mode	Utility first	Utility / AC source will charge battery as first priority.
	only solar / PV power can	16	
	charge the battery.	<b>5</b>	Solar power will charge battery only when no AC source is
	It is recommended not to choose "Only Solar" if an AC	le CUE	available.
16	source is available because	Solar and Utility (Default)	Solar power and AC input power
	the self-consumption of the Any-Grid unit is supplied from	16	will charge battery at the same time if the unit is in Grid mode.
	the battery. If there are long		time if the drift is in that mode.
	periods without sunshine (ex.	© SAU	
	snow), the unit may shut down due to low battery	Only Solar	Solar power will be the only battery
	voltage. Instead, select "Solar	18	charging source, regardless of the
	first" here and 2 Adc in settings menu 11 to		operating mode.
	compensate for the self-	OSC	
	consumption with some		
	safety margin.		

		Alarm on (Default)	Alarm off
10		18	18
18	General alarm control		
		<b>◎</b> 588	๏ 60F
		Return to default display view (Default)	The display will return to the default overview (input voltage /
		19	output voltage) if no button is pressed for approx. 1 minute.
19	Automatic return to default overview display screen	<b>e</b> ESP	
		Remain at last view	The display will remain at the selected view indefinitely, until
		19	another view is selected.
		e +8P	
		Backlight always on (Default)	Backlight off after one minute of no button presses
		20	20
20	Display backlight control	1.00	
		e LON	⊚ LOF
		Alarm on (Default)	Alarm off
	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	22	52
22			
		■ 800	ø 80F
	Overload by-pass:	By-pass disabled (Default)	By-pass enabled
	When enabled, the unit will	23	53
	quickly switch to Grid mode if an AC output overload occurs		<b>a</b> 695
23	in Off-Grid mode. It will return	<b>e</b> 699	0000
	back to Off-Grid mode once the load power has		
	normalized (min. timeout 10 minutes).		
		28.8 Vdc (Default)	If "User-defined" is selected in
26	Boost battery charging	-26	settings menu 05, this value can be changed.
26	voltage	Ę	Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc in
		• 8.8×	0.1 Vdc increments.
		27.6 Vdc (Default) ר ר	If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be
27	Floating battery charging	27 FL8	changed.
	voltage	a 506,	Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments.

	Low voltage disconnect The AC output is turned off	22.0 Vdc (Default)	If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be changed.
	when the battery reaches this voltage level to protect the battery from deep discharge.	-00 - 0.55 •	Available values: 18.8 ~ 27.0 Vdc in 0.1 Vdc increments.
29	The low DC / battery warning voltage is 1 Vdc above this setting.		This voltage is fixed and independent of the load power level.
	This value must be set at least 2 Vdc lower than settings menu 30.		
	Low voltage reconnect	27.1 Vdc (Default)	If "User-defined" is selected in settings menu 05, this value can be
	If the AC output is turned off due to low voltage disconnect	30	changed.
	(settings menu 29), the AC	լ ՍԻ թ. 2Ղ՞լ.	Available values: 20.9 ~ 31.0 Vdc in
30	output is automatically turned back on once this voltage is	© ⊂"\	0.1 Vdc increments.
	reached. This value must be at		
	most 0.5 Vdc below settings menu 27, and at least 2 Vdc		
	higher than settings menu 29.		
		Automatic	120 min (Default)
	Boost battery charging duration The duration for which the boost voltage from settings menu 26 is held before the Floating phase is reached.	35	35
		o 8UE	<b>o</b> 120
32		If "User-defined" is selected in set	
52			natic" and 5 ~ 900 minutes in 5 min.
		If "Automatic" is set, the duration of	of bulk phase (see chapter
		"Specifications" → "Battery Char minimum of 10 minutes and max	
	Battery equalization		
		minimum of 10 minutes and maxi	imum of 8 hours.
	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid	minimum of 10 minutes and maxi Enabled 33	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33
	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same	minimum of 10 minutes and maxi Enabled 33 © EEN	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 © EdS
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery	minimum of 10 minutes and maxi Enabled 33 © EEN	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the	minimum of 10 minutes and maximal Enabled 33 EEN If "User-defined" or "Flooded" is se	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 © EdS
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the	minimum of 10 minutes and maximal Enabled 33 EEN If "User-defined" or "Flooded" is se	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 © EdS
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid	minimum of 10 minutes and maximal Enabled 33 EEN If "User-defined" or "Flooded" is se	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 © EdS
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically	minimum of 10 minutes and maximal Enabled 33 EEN If "User-defined" or "Flooded" is se	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 EdS lected in settings menu 05, this value Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid	minimum of 10 minutes and maximum of 10 minutes and maxima for a second	imum of 8 hours.   Disabled (Default)   33   EdS   Iected in settings menu 05, this value
	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid batteries.	minimum of 10 minutes and maximum of 10 minutes and maxima for the second secon	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 EdS lected in settings menu 05, this value Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc
33	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid	minimum of 10 minutes and maximum of 10 minutes and maxima for a second	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 EdS lected in settings menu 05, this value Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc
	Battery equalization helps prevent sulfation of lead-acid batteries and is beneficial for bringing all cells to the same voltage. Consult your battery manual to make sure the battery can withstand the higher voltages required for this purpose. This is typically the case for flooded lead-acid batteries.	minimum of 10 minutes and maximum of 10 minu	imum of 8 hours. Disabled (Default) 33 EdS lected in settings menu 05, this value Available values: 25.0 ~ 31.5 Vdc

Battery equalization duration	120 min. (Default)	Available values: 5 ~ 900 minutes in	
The duration for which the	35	5 min. increments.	
settings menu 34 is held	<b>a</b> 120		
•			
	180 min. (Default)	Available values: 5 ~ 900 minutes in	
		5 min. increments.	
If the equalization voltage	00		
	100		
35, once this timeout is			
Floating phase.			
	30 days (Default)	Available values: 0 ~ 90 days in 1-	
	37	day increments.	
Equalization interval			
	<b>a</b> 389		
	Enabled	Disabled (Default)	
	39	39	
	<b>◎</b> 880	ø 8d5	
Equalization phase: forced		n is enabled in settings menu 33, this	
start			
		stated and the display main view	
		cel the forced equalization function	
	until the next scheduled equalization interval as defined in settings		
	menu 37. 🛄 will no longer be s	hown in LCD main page.	
	The duration for which the equalization voltage from settings menu 34 is held before the Floating phase is reached. Battery equalization timeout If the equalization voltage from settings menu 34 cannot be reached within the duration from settings menu 35, once this timeout is reached, equalization is ended and the charger returns to Floating phase. Equalization interval	The duration for which the equalization voltage from settings menu 34 is held before the Floating phase is reached.35Battery equalization timeout180 min. (Default)If the equalization voltage from settings menu 34 cannot be reached within the duration from settings menu 35, once this timeout is reached, equalization is ended and the charger returns to Floating phase.180 min. (Default)Equalization interval30 days (Default)Equalization phase.30 days (Default)Equalization phase.30 days (Default)Equalization interval30 days (Default)If the battery equalization function function can be enabled. If "Enabled equalization is immediately force- will show E9 (EQ). If "Disabled" is selected, it will can until the next scheduled equalization	

## 6.5 Screen Views of Current Values

The screen views can be scrolled by pressing or to show current values in the following order:

Measurement Values	Screen View Example
AC input voltage / AC output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input voltage = 230 Vac, Output voltage = 230 Vac







## 6.6 Operating Mode Description

Operating mode	Behaviors	LCD display
Stand-By mode		Battery is charged by an AC source
The AC output is not turned on, but the unit can charge the battery without AC output (if the inverter ON/OFF switch is set to the OFF position).	No AC output voltage is supplied by the unit, but it still can charge batteries	

		Battery is charged by solar power
		Battery is charged by AC source and solar power
		No charging
		Battery is charged by AC source and solar power
		Battery is charged by an AC source
Fault mode Errors are currently active (see chapter " <b>Fault</b> <b>Reference Codes</b> " for details)	Solar power and AC source can charge batteries	
		Battery is charged by solar power
		No charging

Grid mode	AC output is fully powered from the AC input, battery charging is available	Battery is charged by AC source and solar, and AC loads are powered by AC source
Off-Grid mode	AC output power from battery and solar power	Battery and solar provide power to the AC output

## 7.0 Cleaning and Maintenance

The Any-Grid PSW-B requires very little maintenance. The following maintenance tasks should be performed in the defined intervals. Before performing any of the tasks in this chapter, ensure the unit is completely powered down. To do this turn OFF the AC output ON/OFF switch at the right side of the unit. Then switch open / disable the following breakers or remove the following fuses in this order:

- 1. AC output
- 2. PV input
- 3. AC input
- 4. Battery

After the maintenance procedures turn the unit on again in the reverse order (steps 4 to 1 above, followed by turning the AC output switch ON.

## 7.1 Every Month

The Any-Grid PSW-B is equipped with dust filters near the top of the unit to remove as much dust and debris from the air being taken into the device for cooling as possible. These particles are trapped in the removable and washable filters on the left and right side of the unit. Inspect and, if necessary, wash them as follows:

1. Loosen and remove the thumbscrew on each of the two sides by turning it counterclockwise.



Fig. 18: Dust filter screw removal

2. Slightly push up and out the metal ventilation grilles from their retaining slots on both sides to expose the filter elements.



Fig. 19: Dust filter removal

- 3. If there is obvious dust and / or dirt on the filters, carefully wash them out under tap water. Then dab them dry with kitchen roll paper or a towel and ensure they are dry to the touch.
- 4. Re-install the filter by working in reverse to the removal process. Apply the dry and clean filter element to the unit's air opening and place the ventilation grille over it by sliding it downwards into the slots of the main unit. Fasten the thumbscrew in a clockwise direction and tighten it without applying excessive force or tools. Do the same on the other side.

If the unit is being used in a very low-dust clean environment and the first monthly inspection shows little to no dust in the filters, the filter maintenance may be done every 6 months instead of every month.

#### 7.2 Every 6 Months

- 1. Clean the outside of the unit with a damp cloth. Do not use any solvents other than mild soap if necessary. Ensure the cloth used for cleaning is only damp and <u>not dripping wet</u>.
- 2. Ensure the AC input, AC output, PV and battery terminal screws are securely tightened to the torques mentioned in the chapter "**Installation**".
- 3. Inspect the unit and wiring for any burn marks or any other signs of problems. If any are present, have an electrician rectify them.

4. Turn the Any-Grid PSW-B on again as instructed in the beginning of this chapter. Once at least the battery and AC output are enabled, and the load switch is ON, do the following:

If using a residual current device (RCD) at the AC output (strongly recommended), unless instructed differently by the RCD manufacturer, press the "Test" button on it. This will induce a fault current to ground and the RCD must switch off immediately, cutting power to the loads. If it does not, replace the RCD and repeat this test.

Fault Code	Fault Event	Screen View	
01	Fan is locked while inverter is off		01
02	Over-temperature		02
			03
03	Battery voltage is too high		
			0
04	Battery voltage is too low		04
04	battery voltage is too low		
			05
05	AC output is short circuited or internal over-temperature		UJ
			06
06	AC output voltage is too high		
			07
07	AC output overload timeout		
			08
08	Internal DC bus voltage is too high		
			09
09	Internal DC bus soft start failed		

## 8.0 Fault Reference Codes

51	Internal inverter over-current	51
52	Internal DC bus voltage is too low	52
53	Inverter soft-start failed	53
		55
55	DC voltage component in AC output too high	
		56
56	Battery disconnected	
		57
57	Inverter current sensor failed	
		58
58	Output voltage too low	

## 9.0 Warning Codes

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Screen View
01	Fan is locked while inverter is on	ter is on Beeps three times every second	
03	Battery is over-charged Beeps once every second		03
04	Low battery voltage	Beeps once every second	04

07	AC output overload	Beeps twice every second	 רס
10	AC output power de-rating	Beeps twice every 3 seconds	10
Eq	Battery equalization active	None	69

## 10.0 Troubleshooting

Problem	LCD / LED / Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do
Unit shuts down automatically during start-up process.	LCD / LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then turn off.	The battery voltage is too low (< 22.9 V)	1. Re-charge battery 2. Replace battery
No response after power on.	No indication.	<ol> <li>The battery voltage is far too low (&lt; 16.8 V)</li> <li>Battery polarity is connected in reverse, causing internal fuse to blow</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check if batteries and the wiring are connected correctly, check battery polarity.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> <li>Return to repair center.</li> </ol>
	Input voltage dis- played as 0 on LCD, green LED flashing.	Input circuit breaker is tripped	Check if AC circuit breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected correctly.
AC source exists but the unit works in Off- Grid mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power (Grid or Generator)	<ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if applied) is working correctly or if input voltage range setting is correct (try switching from UPS mode → Appliances mode), see chapter "Device Operation Settings" → "Settings menu 03" for details.</li> </ol>
	Green LED is flashing.	"Solar first" or "SBU" is set as the priority of the AC output source.	Change output source priority to "Utility / AC input first", see chapter "Device Operation Settings" → "Settings menu 01" for details.
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are well connected.

	Fault code 07	Overload error. Inverter is overloaded ≥105% for more than allowed duration.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal loads.
	Fault code 02	Temperature of inverter components is over 100°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.
	Fault code 03	Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.
Buzzer beeps continuously and red LED is on.		The battery voltage is too high.	Check if specifications and quantity of batteries meet requirements.
	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan(s)
	Fault code 06/58	AC output abnormal	<ol> <li>Reduce the connected load.</li> <li>Return to repair center</li> </ol>
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	
	Fault code 52	Internal DC bus voltage too low.	Restart the unit, if the error occurs again, please return to repair center.
	Fault code 55	Output voltage unbalanced.	
	Fault code 56	Battery not connected cor- rectly / internal fuse blown.	If the battery is connected correctly, please return to repair center.

## 11.0 Specifications

## 11.1 Grid Mode

Model	PSW-B-3KW-230/24V AC output set to 220, 230 or 240 Vac See chapter "Device Operation Settings" → "Settings menu 10" for details.	PSW-B-3KW-230/24V AC output set to 110, 120 or 127 Vac See chapter "Device Operation Settings" → "Settings menu 10" for details.
AC Input Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave (utility or generator)	
Nominal AC Input Voltage	Programmable: 220/230 (Default)/240 Vac	Programmable: 110/120/127 Vac
Maximum AC Input Current	30 Aac	
AC Input Overvoltage Category	OVC III	
Low Loss AC Input Voltage	<ul> <li>170 Vac ± 7 Vac (UPS mode)</li> <li>90 Vac ± 7 Vac (Appliances mode)</li> <li>See chapter "Device Operation</li> <li>Settings" → "Settings menu 03" for details.</li> </ul>	90 Vac ± 7 Vac (UPS mode) 80 Vac ± 7 Vac (Appliances mode) See chapter " <b>Device Operation</b> Settings" → "Settings menu 03" for details.
Low Loss Return AC Input Voltage	180 Vac ± 7 Vac (UPS mode) 100 Vac ± 7 Vac (Appliances mode)	100 Vac ± 7 Vac (UPS mode) 90 Vac ± 7 Vac (Appliances mode)
High Loss AC Input Voltage	280 Vac ± 7 Vac	140 Vac ± 7 Vac

High Loss Return AC Input Voltage	270 Vac ± 7 Vac	135 Vac ± 7 Vac
Maximum AC Input Voltage	300 Vac	150 Vac
Nominal AC Input Frequency	50 Hz	/ 60 Hz
Low Loss Frequency	40 Hz ± 1 Hz	
Low Loss Return AC Input Frequency	42 Hz ± 1 Hz	
High Loss AC Input Frequency	65 Hz ± 1 Hz	
High Loss Return AC Input Frequency	63 Hz ± 1 Hz	
Output Short Circuit Protection	Grid mode: Circuit breaker (amperage equivalent to maximum AC input current, resettable) Off-Grid mode: Electronic protection	
Transfer Time between Grid mode and Off-Grid mode and vice versa	10 ms typical (UPS mode), 20 ms typical (Appliances mode) See chapter " <b>Device Operation Settings</b> " → " <b>Settings menu 03</b> " for details.	
AC Output Power De-Rating	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:	Maximum AC output power formula when in Grid mode:
In Grid mode, the maximum AC output power is dependent on the AC input voltage.	30 Aac x AC input voltage = Max. AC output power	30 Aac x AC input voltage = Max. AC output power
	Example: 30 Aac x 230 Vac = 4,800 W	Example: 30 Aac x 120 Vac = 3,600 W

## 11.2 Off-Grid Mode

Model	PSW-B-3KW-230/24V	
Nominal AC Output Power	3000 VA / 3000 W if AC output is set to 220/230/240 Vac 1500 / 1637 / 1732 VA/W if AC output is set to 110/120/127 Vac, respectively	
AC Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave	
AC Output Voltage Regulation	230 Vac ± 5% default (programmable, 110 ~ 240 Vac ± 5%)	
Total Harmonic Distortion of Voltage	< 5% for linear load, < 10% for non-linear load at nominal voltage	
AC Output Frequency	50 Hz default or 60 Hz (programmable)	
Inverter Peak Efficiency (from battery)	> 93%	
AC Output Overload Protection	100 milliseconds @ ≥ 205% nominal AC output power 5 seconds @ ≥ 150% nominal AC output power 10 seconds @ 110% ~ 150% nominal AC output power	
AC Output Surge Capacity	2x nominal power for 5 seconds	
Nominal Battery Input Voltage	24 Vdc	
Min. Battery Voltage for Inverter Start-up	23.0 Vdc default 1.0 Vdc. above "Low voltage disconnect" setting See chapter " <b>Device Operation Settings</b> " → " <b>Settings menu 29</b> " for details.	

21.4 Vdc 21.2 Vdc 24.0 Vdc 22.4 Vdc
21.2 Vdc
grammable, see chapter " <b>Device Operation Settings</b> " → " <b>Settings menu 29</b> " for ails.
22.0 Vdc 20.4 Vdc 19.2 Vdc
33 Vdc
32 Vdc
± 0.3%V at no load
≦ 100 mV
AC Output Power 100% Nominal Power 80% Nominal Power 20.5 Vdc 24 Vdc Battery voltage

## 11.3 Battery Charging

Charging from A	AC Source	
Model		PSW-B-3KW-230/24V
Max. Battery Cha Nominal AC Inpu		60 Adc
Boost Charging	Flooded Battery	29.2 Vdc
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	28.8 Vdc
Floating Charging Voltage		27.6 Vdc



#### 11.4 General

Model	PSW-B-3KW-230/24V	
Certifications	CE, RoHS, produced in ISO 9001 & ISO 14001 certified facility	
Idle Self-Consumption	< 22 W	
Operating Temperature Range	-10 ~ 50 °C, 14 ~ 122 °F	
Storage Temperature	-15 ~ 60 °C, 5 ~ 140 °F	
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (non-condensing)	
Ingress Protection, Pollution Degree	IP21, pollution degree 2, for indoor use	
Housing Dimensions (H x W x D)	464 x 314 x 119 mm 18.3 x 12.4 x 4.7 in	
Net Weight	9.6 kg / 21.2 lbs	

## 12.0 Warranty

#### 12.1 Conditions

We warranty this product against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 24 months from the date of purchase and will repair or replace any defective unit when directly returned, postage paid, to Phocos. This warranty will be considered void if the unit has suffered any obvious physical damage or alteration either internally or externally. This warranty does not cover damage arising from improper use, such as plugging the unit into unsuitable power sources, attempting to operate products that require excessive power consumption, or use in unsuitable environments. This is the only warranty the company makes. No other warranties express or implied including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Repair and replacement are your sole remedies and the company shall not be liable for damages, whether direct, incidental, and special or consequential, even if caused by negligence.

Further details about our warranty conditions can be found at www.phocos.com.

### 12.2 Liability Exclusion

The manufacturer shall not be liable for damages, especially on the battery, caused by use other than as intended or as mentioned in this manual or if the recommendations of the battery manufacturer are neglected. The manufacturer shall not be liable if there has been service or repair carried out by any unauthorized person, unusual use, wrong installation, or incorrect system design.

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